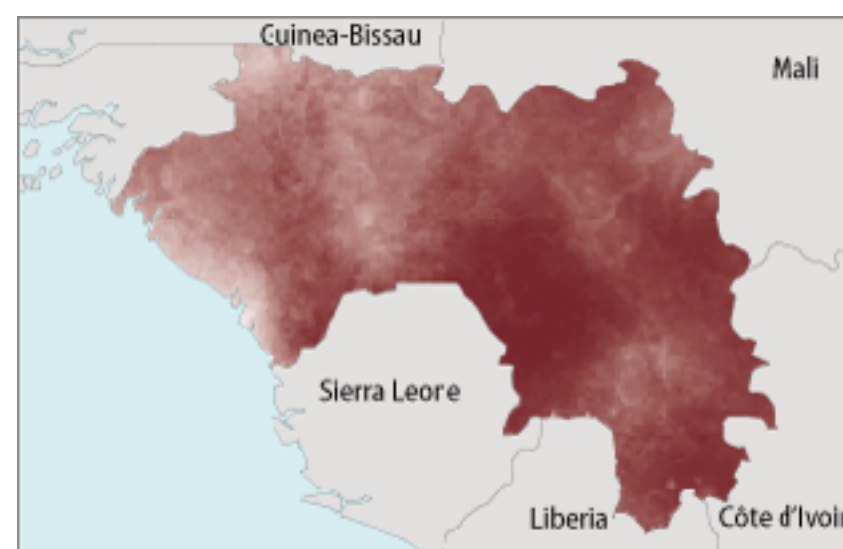
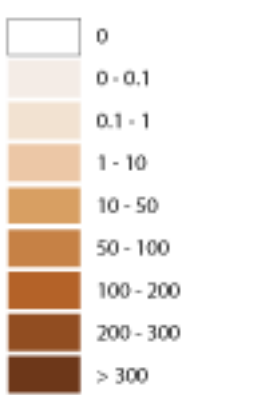


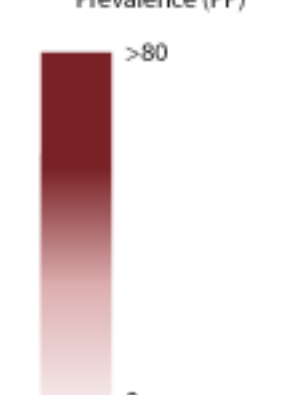
Guinea

African Region

Confirmed cases per 1000 population



Plasmodium falciparum (Pf) Parasite Prevalence (PP)



I. Epidemiological profile

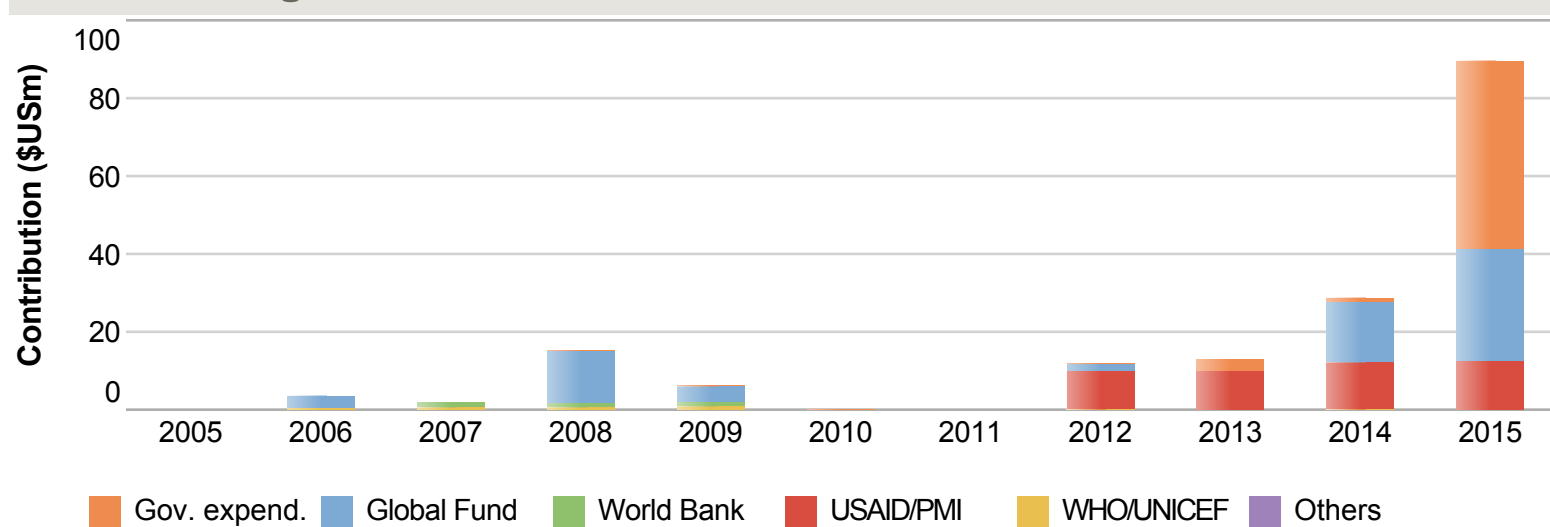
Population (UN)	2015	%	Parasites and vectors
High transmission (> 1 case per 1000 population)	12,600,000	100	Plasmodium species: <i>P. falciparum</i> (100%), <i>P. vivax</i> (0%)
Low transmission (0-1 cases per 1000 population)	0	-	Major anopheles species: <i>An. gambiae</i> , <i>An. funestus</i> , <i>An. melas</i> , <i>An. arabiensis</i>
Malaria-free (0 cases)	0	-	Reported confirmed cases (health facility): 810,979 Estimated cases: 4,600,000 [3,600,000 ; 5,700,000]
Total	12,610,000		Confirmed cases at community level: 80,196 Reported deaths: 846 Estimated deaths: 9,900 [6,700 ; 12,000]

II. Intervention policies and strategies

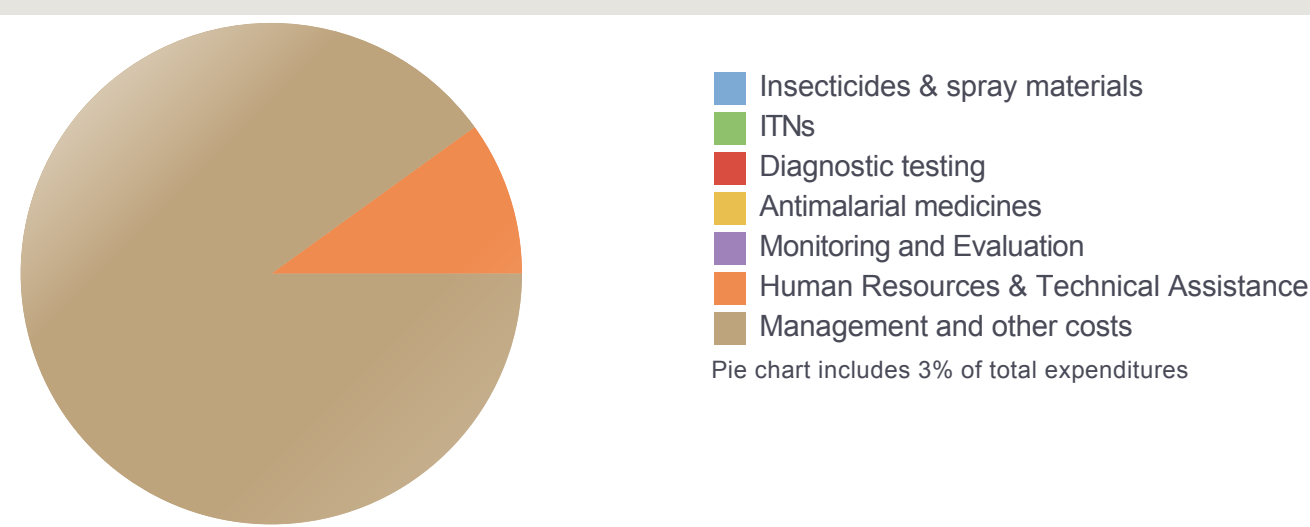
Intervention	Policies/strategies	Yes/No	Adopted	Antimalarial treatment policy	Medicine	Year adopted					
ITN	ITNs/ LLINs distributed free of charge	Yes	2009	First-line treatment of unconfirmed malaria	AS+AQ	-					
	ITNs/ LLINs distributed to all age groups	Yes	2009	First-line treatment of <i>P. falciparum</i>	AS+AQ	-					
IRS	IRS is recommended	Yes	2013	Treatment failure of <i>P. falciparum</i>	QN	-					
	DDT is authorized for IRS	No	-	Treatment of severe malaria	AS	-					
Larval control	Use of larval control recommended	No	-	Treatment of <i>P. vivax</i>	-	-					
IPT	IPT used to prevent malaria during pregnancy	Yes	2005	Dosage of Primaquine for radical treatment of <i>P. vivax</i>		-					
Diagnosis	Patients of all ages should receive diagnostic test	Yes	2012	Type pf RDT used		-					
	Malaria diagnosis is free of charge in the public sector	Yes	2012								
Treatment	ACT is free of charge for all ages in public sector	Yes	2010	Therapeutic efficacy tests (clinical and parasitological failure, %)							
	The sale of oral artemisinin-based monotherapies (oAMTs)	Is banned	-	Medicine	Year	Min	Median	Max	Follow-up	No of studies	Species
	Single dose of primaquine is used as gametocidal medicine for <i>P. falciparum</i>	No	-								
	Primaquine is used for radical treatment of <i>P. vivax</i>	No	-								
	G6PD test is a requirement before treatment with primaquine	No	-								
	Directly observed treatment with primaquine is undertaken	No	-								
	System for monitoring adverse reactions to antimalarials exists	No	2009								
Surveillance	ACD for case investigation (reactive)	-	-	Insecticide susceptibility bioassays (reported resistance to at least one insecticide for any vector at any locality)							
	ACD of febrile cases at community level (pro-active)	No	-	Year	Pyrethroid	DDT	Carbamate	Organophosphate	Species/complex tested		
	Mass screening is undertaken	No	-	2012-2014	Yes	Yes	Yes		An. gambiae s.l.		
	Uncomplicated <i>P. falciparum</i> cases routinely admitted	Yes	2009								
	Uncomplicated <i>P. vivax</i> cases routinely admitted	No	-								
	Foci and case investigation undertaken	-	-								
Case reporting from private sector is mandatory	Yes	-									

III. Financing

Sources of financing

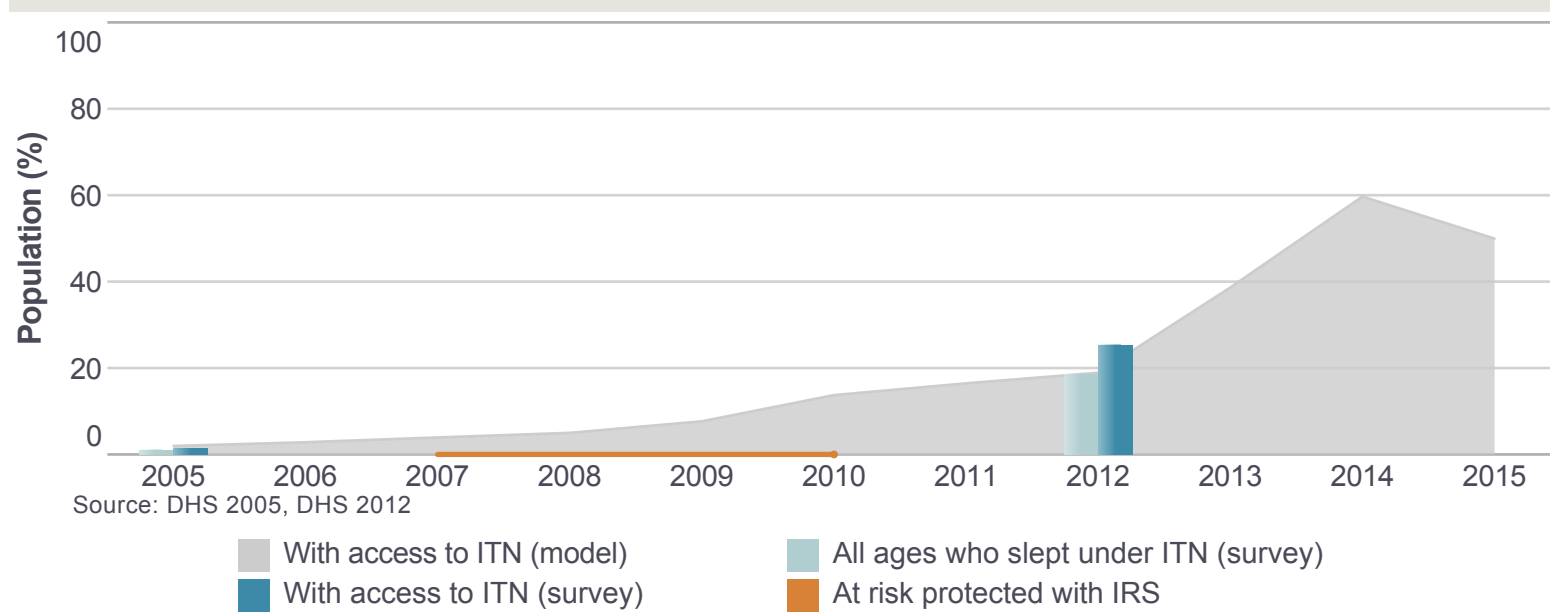


Government expenditure by intervention in 2015

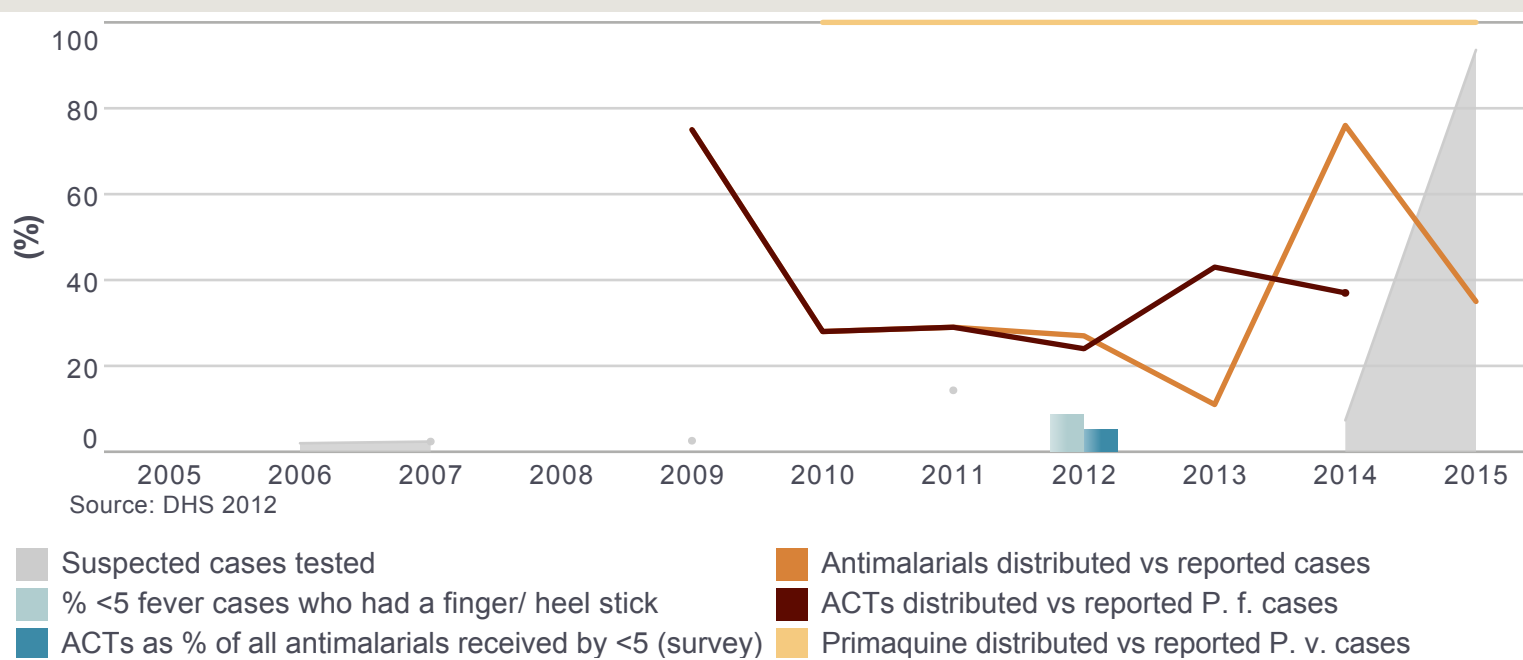


IV. Coverage

Coverage of ITN and IRS

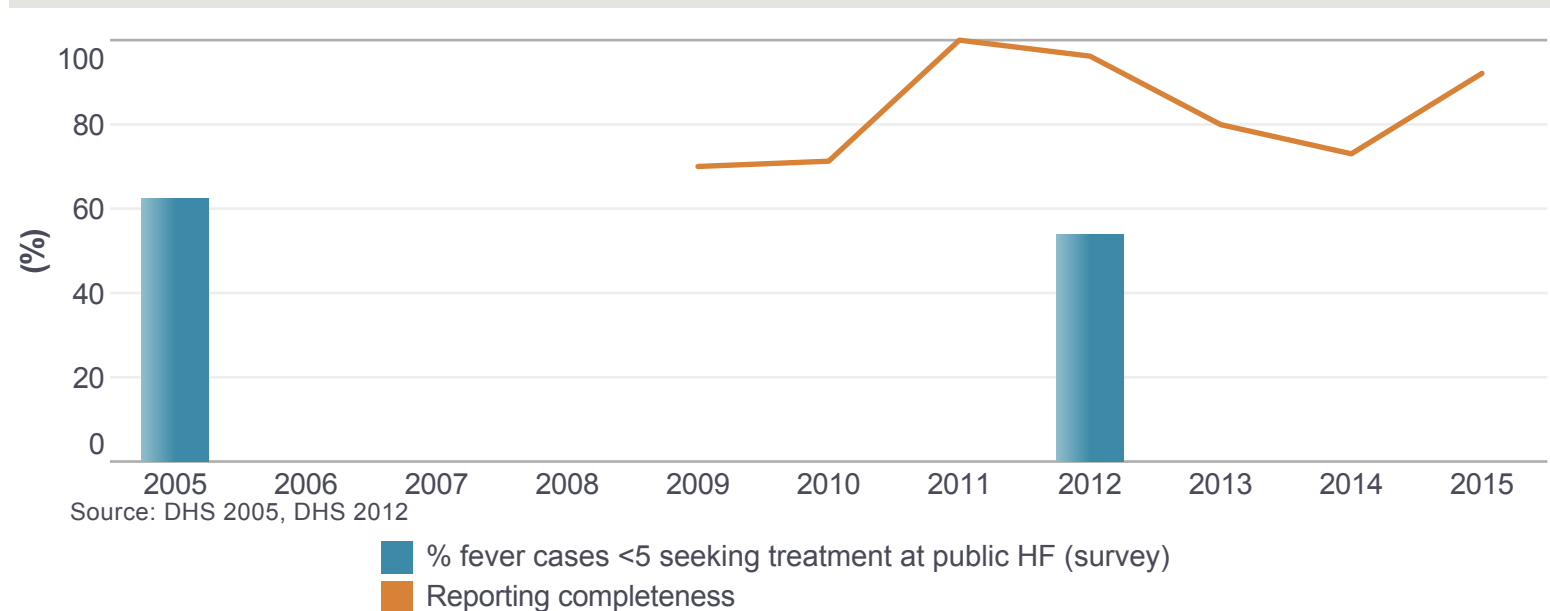


Cases tested and treated in public sector

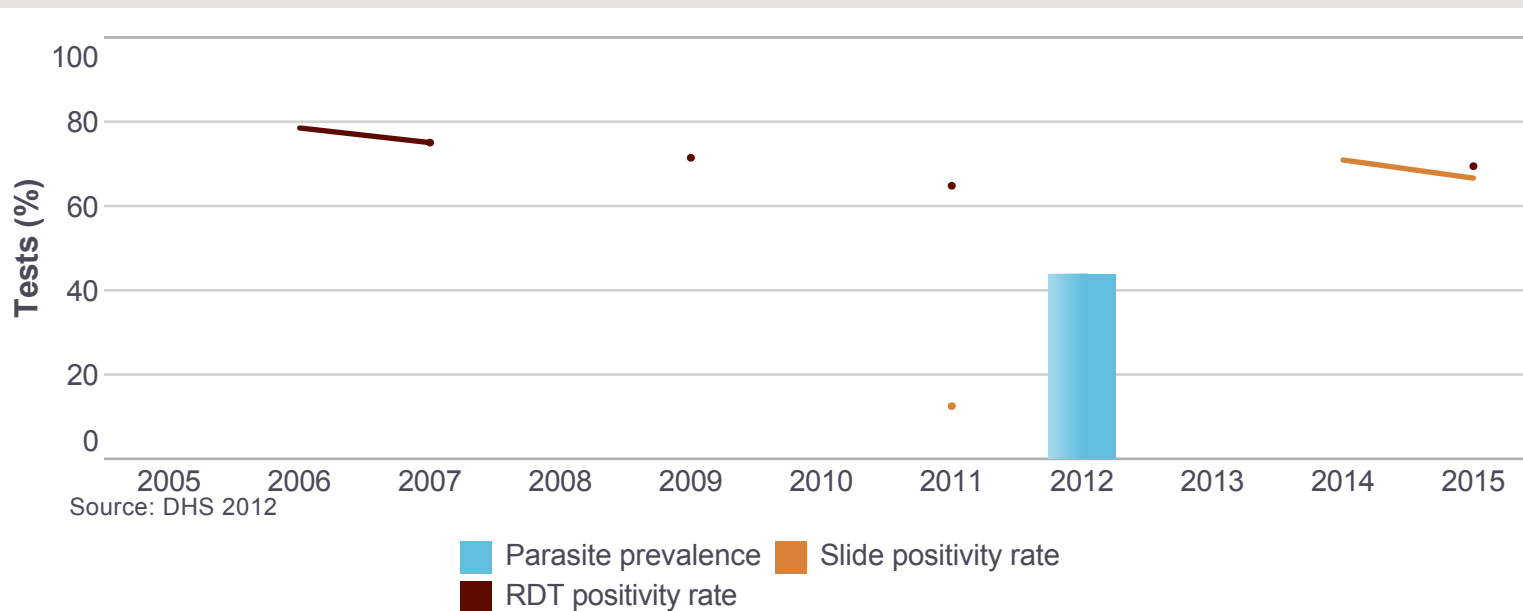


V. Impact

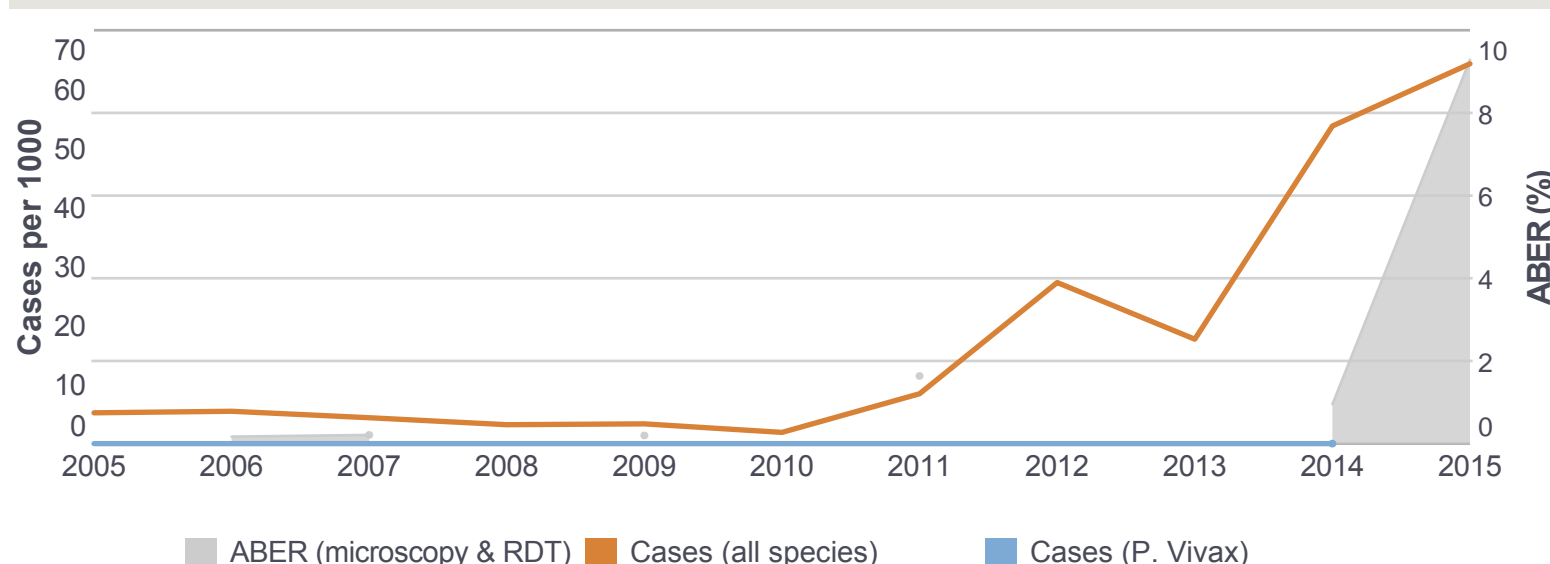
Cases treated



Test positivity



Confirmed malaria cases per 1000 and ABER



Malaria admissions and deaths (per 100 000)

